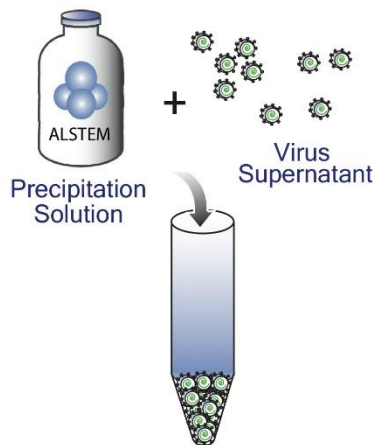


Lentivirus Precipitation Solution

Catalogue number: VC100; 100 ml / VC125 250 ml /VC150 500 ml

Description:

Lentivirus Precipitation Solution is a mixture of polymers optimized for the precipitation of lentiviral particles. It provides a simple, fast and highly efficient method for concentrating lentiviral particles. The protocol involve mixing your lentiviral supernatant with the Lentivirus Precipitation Solution, incubate for a short period, and spin the mixture in a standard centrifuge. You'll increase your lentivirus titer by up to 100 fold as quick as in 4 hrs, and obtain excellent recoveries without ultracentrifugation. The Lentivirus Precipitation Solution is a 5x solution.



Highlights:

- Easy-to-use: simply mix
- No ultracentrifugation required
- Easily scale up for large volumes
- Up to 100 fold concentration increase
- Cost effective spin protocol for efficient viral concentration
- Non-toxic: safe for all cell lines, including ES cells

Volume	100 ml / 250 ml / 500 ml
Shipping	Ambient temperature
Storage and Stability	Store at 4 °C. This product is stable for 6 months when stored as directed.
Quality Control	Each lot of Lentivirus Precipitation Solution is tested for sterility and successful precipitation of Lentiviral particles.

Safety Precautions	Follow the recommended NIH guidelines for all materials containing BSL-2 organisms
Restricted Use	For Research Use Only. Not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

Related Products:

Products	Catalogue number	Description
ViralBoost Reagent	VB100	A novel cocktail of small molecules that can enhance viral production.
Virus Protection Medium	VF010	Preserve functional viral particles during repetitive freeze-thaw cycles.
TransPlus™ Virus Transduction Enhancer	V020	Mixture of polymers optimized for the infection of lentivirus or retrovirus to most cells.
NanoFect Transfection Reagent	NF 100	Nanotechnology-based reagent providing efficient gene delivery for most cell types.
Lentiviral Packaging Mix	VP100	Ready-to-use 3rd generation HIV-based lentiviral packaging system.

Applications:

Lentivirus Precipitation Solution is optimized for concentrating lentiviral particles in 4 hours without ultracentrifugation.

Documents:

Protocol:

1. Transfer the media containing lentiviral particles from plates to a sterile vessel and centrifuge the medium at 300 x g for 10 min to remove cell debris.
2. Filter the supernatant through 0.45µm filter.

3. Transfer filtered supernatant to a sterile vessel and add 1 volume of cold Lentivirus Precipitation Solution (4°C) to every 4 volumes of lentivirus-containing supernatant. (Example: 5ml Lentivirus Precipitation Solution with 20ml viral supernatant).
4. Mix well and refrigerate 3hrs to overnight. Lentivirus-containing supernatant mixed with Lentivirus Precipitation Solution are stable for up to 4 days at 4°C..
5. Centrifuge mixture at 1500 × g for 30 minutes at 4°C. After centrifugation, the lentiviral particles may appear as a beige or white pellet at the bottom of the vessel.
6. Discard supernatant. Spin down residual solution by centrifugation at 1500 × g for 5 minutes. Remove all traces of fluid by aspiration, taking great care not to disturb the precipitated lentiviral particles in pellet.
7. Resuspend lentiviral pellets in 1/10 to 1/100 of original volume using cold, sterile PBS or DMEM at 4°C.
8. Aliquot in cryogenic vials and store at -80°C until ready for use.

Product Specification Sheet

Certificate of Analysis

Publications:

- J.Y. Lee *et al.*, YAP-independent mechanotransduction drives breast cancer progression. *Nat Commun* **10**, (2019).
- E. Mailer *et al.*, The autophagy protein ATG9A promotes HIV-1 infectivity. *Retrovirology* **16** (2019).
- V. Achuthan *et al.*, Capsid-CPSF6 Interaction Licenses Nuclear HIV-1 Trafficking to Sites of Viral DNA Integration. *Cell Host Microbe* **24**, (2018).
- B. Adamson *et al.*, Approaches to maximize sgRNA-barcode coupling in Perturb-seq screens. *bioRxiv* (2018).
- R. Hsieh *et al.*, CDK19 is a Regulator of Triple-Negative Breast Cancer Growth. *bioRxiv* (2018).
- E. Shifrut *et al.*, Genome-wide CRISPR Screens in Primary Human T Cells Reveal Key Regulators of Immune Function. *Cell* **175**, (2018).
- P. Younan *et al.*, Role of Transmembrane Protein 16F in the Incorporation of Phosphatidylserine Into Budding Ebola Virus Virions. *J Infect Dis* **218**, (2018).
- M. Puray-Chavez *et al.*, Multiplex single-cell visualization of nucleic acids and protein during HIV infection. *Nat Commun* **8**, (2017).